**Driving Emergencies**

1. To avoid hydroplaning you should:

A. Slow down and drive on the highest point of the road.

2. If you have a flat tire or blowout:

A. Slow down gradually and remove your foot from the brake

3. After you drive through a deep puddle, you should do what:

A. Test your brakes

4. To avoid a spin while in a skid, you should:

A. Turn the wheel in the direction the back of the car is going

5. In adverse weather, a truck takes longer to stop. This can be as much as:

A. 25% More

6. If a gas pedal sticks, you should:

A. Shift to neutral

7. If your wheels drift off the road, what should you do?

A. Slow down and turn the wheel slightly back toward the roadway

8. If your brakes suddenly give out, the first thing you should try and do is:

A. Shift to a lower gear and pump the brakes several times

9. If your car goes into a skid, you should:

A. Take your foot off of the gas pedal

**GDL Program**

1. After passing the road test how long in a Probationary driver on Probation for:

A. 1 year

2. What are the hours that a holder of GDL Special Learners Permit cannot drive?

A. 11:01 pm until 5:00 am

3. The holder of a GDL Permit (21 years or older) is restricted to what driving hours?

A. No restrictions apply

4. What is the holder of a GDL Permit or the holder of a Probationary Driver’s License not permitted the use of?

A. Hand held or hands free cell phones or any other electronic device

5. What is it that a GDL driver under 21 must display?

A. 1 reflective red decal on the front and one on the rear license plate

6. The holder of a GDL Special learner or Examination permit who is under 21, is limited to what passenger restrictions?

A. Dependents and one additional person unless accompanied by parents or guardians

7. What are the three different types of tests that a driver must pass in order to obtain a license?

A. Road, written, and eye

8. What are the requirements that a supervising driver must meet?

A. Must be 21, NJ license, and driving for 3 years

9. At what age is the holder of a GDL permit eligible to obtain a Basic Driver’s License and how long must they have had supervised driving?

A. 18, 6 month supervised, 1 year with Probationary license

10. A Special learner’s permit may be purchased by an instructor when the applicant has met what three requirements?

A. Turned 16, not yet 17, parent permission, enrolled in a driving school

11. During the probationary period, a motorist must enroll in a Probationary Driver Program if they get how many points in what time frame?

A. 2 violations in a four year period

12. Under the GDL Program, how long is a person on probation for after passing the road test?

A. 1 year

13. What is it that the vehicle used for a road test must not have?

A. Obstructions or consoles between the driver and the instructor

**Definitions**

1. An acceleration lane is:

A. An extra lane at a highway entrance

2. A deceleration lane is:

A. An extra lane at a highway exit

3. habitual offender

A. suspended license 3 times in 3 years

**Alcohol/Drugs**

1. If a person has been drinking, what is the only thing that can sober them up?

A. Time

2. If a person refuses a breath test in NJ, the penalty is equal to driving with a BAC of .10% and an insurance surcharge of what dollar amount for how long?

A. $1,000 a year for three years

3. A five ounce glass of wine contains the same amount of alcohol as what two other types and amounts of drinks?

A. 12 ounce can of beer or 1.5 ounce shot of 85% proof

4. What are the three of the four factors that influence your BAC?

A. Number of drinks, food in the stomach, how long one has been drinking, weight

5. After two to four drinks, alcohol begins to impair four parts of you. What are three?

A. Reaction time, coordination, judgment, balance

6. If a motorist has a BAC of .05%, the risk of causing a motor vehicle accident is:

A. Doubled

7. If under 21, NJ law states that you may be under the influence if your BAC is:

A. Over .01%

8. What does driving under the influence mean?

A. A driver’s senses are impaired by alcohol

9. What is the best way to reduce your chances of an alcohol related accident?

A. Not drive at all after drinking

10. If a person has a BAC of .15%, the risk of causing a motor vehicle collision is:

A. 25 times as great

11. What are three examples of types of drugs that could affect your driving skills?

A. Cold pills, tranquilizers, prescription pills

12. If a motorist has a BAC of .10%, what is the risk of causing a collision?

A. Six times as great

**Miscellaneous**

1. What is one of the three considerations a driver should give to large trucks and buses?

A. Give them more space for wide turns, leave more space when stopping behind, and maintain a consistent speed

2. If possible, where should child safety seats be placed?

A. Rear seat

3. What is the most common type of parking on city streets?

A. Parallel

4. The bright beams are used for:

A. Open country driving when there is no traffic in sight

5. Every vehicle in NJ must be insured for what type of insurance?

A. Liability

6. A lost or stolen license should be reported to:

A. The police

7. To avoid highway hypnosis, it is a good practice to:

A. Avoid looking at something for a long period of time

8. What is the best way to “talk” to other drivers?

A. Use the horn, lights, and hand signals

9. implied consent?

A. must take breath test in state of N.J

10. How many points can be subtracted for every year that a motorist goes without a violation?

A. 3 points

**Driving Situations**

1. In city driving, what is one of the three recommendations that a driver should do?

A. Slow down, yield to pedestrians, look at least 12 seconds ahead

2. If you miss your exit on a expressway, your should:

A. Go to the next exit

3. You should not park within how many feet of a fire hydrant:

A. 10 feet

4. What does keeping a safe following distance allow you to do?

A. Gives you more time to react in emergencies

5. You may not park within how many feet of a stop sign:

A. 50 feet

6. During daylight hours in rain, snow, or ice, what is a motorist required to turn on?

A. Windshield wipers

7. What is the purpose of the three second rule?

A. To keep a safe following distance rule

8. How much braking distance does it take to stop at 60 miles per hour?

A. 300 feet

9. When approaching a curve, your vehicle may tend to:

A. Keep going straight

10. When parking downhill with a curb, which way should the wheels be turned?

A. Toward the curb

11. When driving or stopping behind a large truck or bus, you should:

A. Leave enough space so that the truck may see you in the rearview mirror

12. When passing a large truck or bus it is important to remember:

A. That there are several no-zones or blind spots in which the driver cannot see you

13. To drive in reverse, a motorist’s head and body should be how?

A. Turned to the right until he/she can see clearly through the back window without the use of mirrors

14. What should you do if a motorist is passing you?

A. Slow down and make it easier to pass

15. Driving at a speed of 35 mph or more in the rain can cause the vehicle to do what?

A. Hydroplane

16. To safely share the road with large trucks and buses you must know:

A. The limitations of these vehicles in regards to visibility, stopping distance, and maneuverability

17. When must headlights be used?

A. Between one half hour after sunset up until one half hour before sunrise

B. During rain, snow and ice

18. The best way to enter a curve is:

A. Slow down before it

19. What should you do when you are approaching an uncontrolled intersection?

A. Slow down and be ready to stop

20. When driving at night be sure that you can stop:

A. Within the distance of your headlights

21. How many seconds is a safe following distance?

A. Three second plus

22. If a motorist of a large truck cannot see you in their mirrors, you are in:

A. No zone or blind spot

23. A motorist should be more cautious in farm country or open land for what reason:

A. Crossing of livestock and/or deer

24. If you sell your car and do not buy another, what should you do with the license plates?

A. Turn them into Motor Vehicle

25. When approaching a railroad crossing with flashing red lights you must:

A. stop at least 15 ft away

26. During bad weather it can take a truck how much longer to stop?

A.25% more

27. After completing a driver improvement program, you will be on probation for :

A. 1 yr

28. School zone speed limit is:

A. 25 mph

**Signs/Hand Signals/Road Markings**

1. An octagon sign means what?

A. Stop

2. What is the meaning of the hand signal where a driver’s left hand and arm are downward?

A. Slowing or stopping

3. A railroad sign is what color and what shape?

A. A black and yellow circle

4. A diamond shape sign means:

A. Warning or construction sign

5. What is the meaning of a hand signal when the arm is straight out?

A. Left turn

6. What is the meaning of a hand signal when the left arm is out and up at the elbow?

A. Right turn

7. What color is used to alert motorists of pedestrians or bicycles?

A. Yellow-green

**Penalties**

1. When you’re driving privilege is restored after point’s suspension or after completing a Driver Improvement Program, how long are you on probation for?

A. 1 year

2. Altering a Driver’s license may result in what three types of penalties:

A. A suspension, fine, and up to six months imprisonment

3. Applying for a license illegally may result in three types of punishment:

A. License suspended, fine of $200-500, imprisonment

4. How many points is it for operating a vehicle on a public or private property?

A. 2 points

5. Failure to stop for a pedestrian in a crosswalk carries a fine up to:

A. $500, 25 days in jail, 6 month suspension, 2 points, community service

6. Motorists are subject to a double fine if they commit a motor vehicle violation where (3 answers):

A. Construction zone, safe corridor, 65 mph zone

7. How much is the fine for violating any one of the GDL permit restrictions or Probationary driver restrictions?

A. $100

8. If you are involved in an accident that results in injury to another person, while your driving privileges are suspended, you are subject to:

A. A fine, continued suspension, jail sentence

9. During a probation period a driver must sign up in a driving school program if:

A. convicted of 2 or more violations totaling 4 or more points

**Laws**

1. Unless a no turn on red sign is posted, NJ law allows for a right turn on red after a driver has done what two things?

A. Made a full stop and checked for oncoming traffic

2. The speed limit in a school zone, residential area, or business district unless otherwise posted is:

A. 25 mph

3. If you come to a multi-way stop at the same time as another driver, who has the right of way?

A. The motorist on the right

4. When a school bus has stopped directly in front of as school in order to pick up children, you may pass at what speed?

A. 10 mph

5. What is an example of a law broken by someone under 16 that has nothing to do with driving that would result in a loss or suspension of driving privileges?

A. Graffiti, setting off fire alarms, buying alcohol underage.

6. If you change your address, how long do you have to notify motor vehicle?

A. 1 week

7. The Implied Consent Law means what:

A. Must take a breath test

8. Passing on the right is allowed:

A. When there are more than two lanes in the same direction and when the driver ahead is in a left turning lane or when a driver ahead is making a left and there is room to safely pass.

9. Fines may be imposed to a motorist for which of the following:

A. Failure to remove ice or snow, idling more than three minutes, violation of the move over law

10. Excluding dependents, how many passengers can accompany a student driver ?

A. 1 unless a parent is in the car with you